

Combined Sewer Overflow Long Term Control Plan

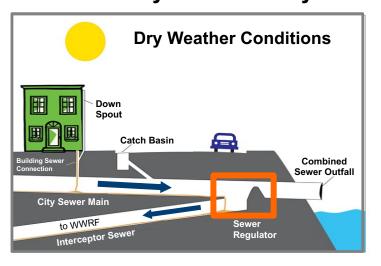
Citywide/Open Waters LTCP
Staten Island Retained Alternatives Public Meeting

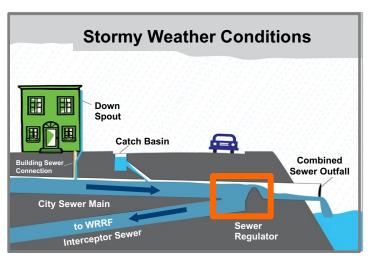
November 6, 2019

What is a Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO)?



➤ NYC's sewer system is approximately 60% combined, which means it is used to **convey both sanitary and storm flows**.





- ➤ 65% to 90% of **combined** sanitary & storm flow is captured at wastewater resource recovery facilities (WRRF).
- When the sewer system is at full capacity, a diluted mixture of rain water and sewage may be released into local waterways. This is called a combined sewer overflow (CSO).

What is a LTCP and CSO Consent Order?



Long Term Control Plan (LTCP)

identifies appropriate CSO controls to achieve applicable water quality standards

consistent with the Federal CSO Policy and Clean Water Act

CSO Consent Order

an agreement between NYC and DEC that settles past legal disputes without prolonged litigation

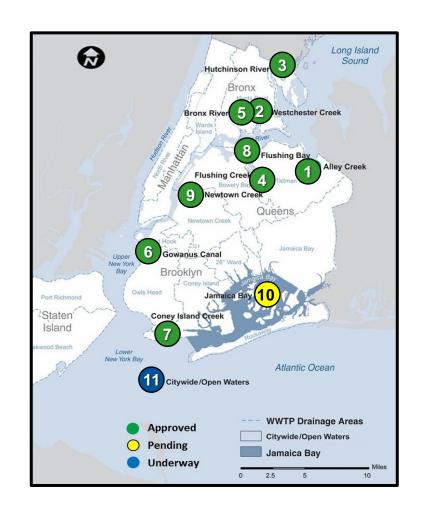
DEC requires DEP to develop LTCPs and mitigate CSOs

LTCP Milestone Status



ID	LTCP	Approved?
1	Alley Creek	✓
2	Westchester Creek	✓
3	Hutchinson River	✓
4	Flushing Creek	✓
5	Bronx River	✓
6	Gowanus Canal	✓
7	Coney Island Creek	✓
8	Flushing Bay	✓
9	Newtown Creek	✓
10	Jamaica Bay and Tributaries ⁽¹⁾	Under DEC review
11)	Citywide/Open Waters ⁽²⁾	LTCP in development Due to DEC March 2020

- (1) Jamaica Bay includes Thurston Basin, Bergen Basin, Hendrix Basin, Fresh Creek, Spring Creek, Paerdegat Basin and Jamaica Bay
- (2) Citywide/Open Waters LTCP includes East River, Lower Long Island Sound, Hudson River, Harlem River, Lower and Upper New York Bay, Arthur Kill and Kill Van Kull



Citywide/Open Waters LTCP



- Waterbody-specific CSO evaluation of Open Waters:
 - Harlem River
 - Hudson River
 - East River/Long Island Sound
 - Upper and Lower New York Bay
 - Arthur Kill and Kill Van Kull
- Citywide/Open Waters LTCP will be submitted to DEC in March 2020



Staten Island is Primarily MS4



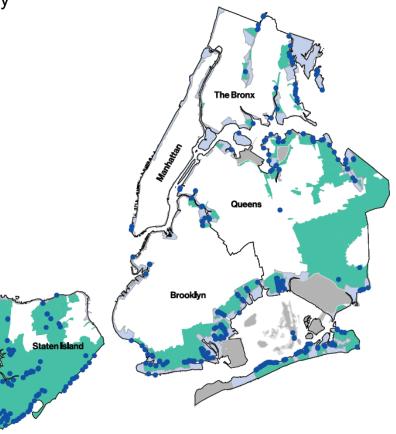
The MS4 Permit regulates drainage areas (collectively called the MS4 area) where stormwater drains:

To a city-owned MS4

By overland flow from a city-owned facility

Historical MS4 Map

Drainage Area Type Direct Drainage Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System Combined Sewer System (Not Covered By MS4 Permit) Federal Land and Airports (Not Covered By MS4 Permit) MS4 Outfalls





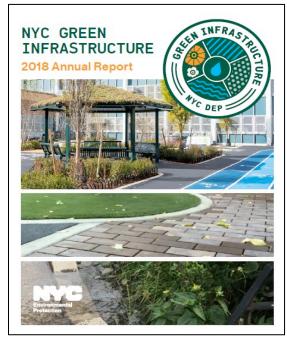
Overview of Baseline Projects & Floatables Control Approach

Citywide/Open Waters LTCP Baseline Conditions



- Grey Infrastructure Projects
 - WWFP Projects (\$2.7B)
 - Tributary LTCPs (\$5.2B)
- Green Infrastructure Projects (\$1.5B)
 - Right-of-way Green Infrastructure
 - Public Property Retrofits
 - Private Property Incentives
 - Stormwater Rules
 - Demand Management
 - Tibbetts Brook Daylighting





Green Infrastructure in Staten Island



- Arrochar Playground
- DeMatti Playground
- Grandview Playground
- Levy Playground
- McDonald Playground



Citywide/Open Waters Floatables



34%

Citywide Floatables Capture

Approaches

- Continue and enhance current floatables controls
- Coordinate with MS4 to develop citywide floatables plan and associated field program to further quantify floatables in 303(d) impaired areas
- Evaluate additional programmatic/integrated floatables control
- Evaluate purchasing an inter-pier skimmer vessel
- Eliminate existing floatables booms where feasible

Street Sweeping











Recovery Facility (WRRF)



Programmatic Controls











Clean Streets = Clean Beaches

Public Education and Outreach









Stewardship Programs

- 311
- Adopt-a-Bluebelt
- Shoreline and Bluebelt Cleanups
- Adopt-a-Basket
- Community Clean-ups
- Park Stewardship
- Adopt-a-Highway/Greenway

Educational Programs

- Water Resources Annual Art and Poetry Contest
- Catch Basin Marking
- Environmental Education
- Visitor Center at Newtown Creek
- SAFE Disposal Events
- Special Waste Drop-Off Sites
- School Sustainability Coordinator Trainings
- The Natural Classroom
- Weekend, Pop-up, and Custom Adventures

Other Programs

- Public Litter Baskets
- Mechanical Broom Street Sweeping
- Catch Basin Inspection, Cleaning, Grates and Hoods
- Floatables Controls in Combined Sewer System
- End-of-pipe Booms and Nets



Overview of Retained Alternatives

Water Quality Standards



New York State Saline Surface Water Quality Standards			
	Bacteria ⁽¹⁾		
Class	Fecal Coliform ⁽²⁾	Enterococci ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	Dissolved Oxygen
■ SA	-	GM ≤ 35/100mL	> 4.8 mg/L (daily avg)
		STV 90% ≤ 130 cfu/100mL	≥ 3.0 mg/L
SB	Monthly GM ≤ 200/100mL	GM ≤ 35/100mL	> 4.8 mg/L (daily avg)
_		STV 90% ≤ 130 cfu/100mL	≥ 3.0 mg/L
ı	Monthly GM ≤ 200/100mL	-	≥ 4.0 mg/L
■ SD	Monthly GM ≤ 200/100mL	-	≥ 3.0 mg/L

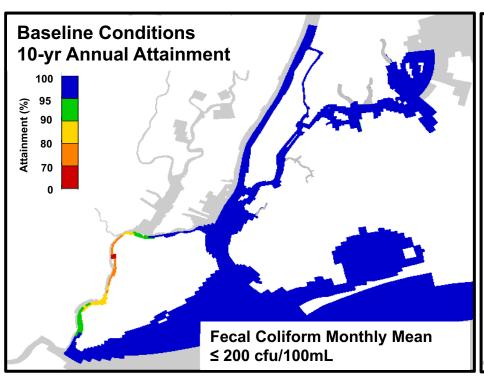
Notes:

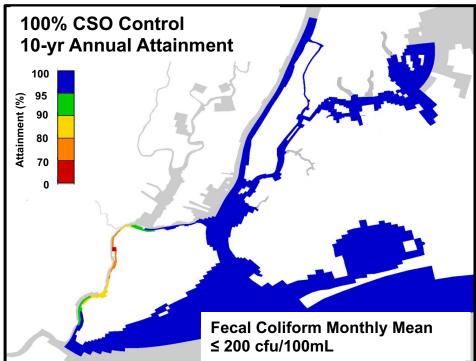
- (1) Total coliform criteria not shown
- (2) Assessed on an annual basis and recreational season
- (3) Assessed during primary contact recreational season or as necessary to protect human health
- (4) Applicable to coastal primary contact recreational waters only



Fecal Coliform Gap Analysis

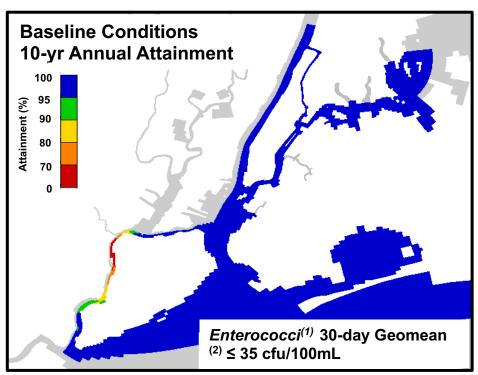


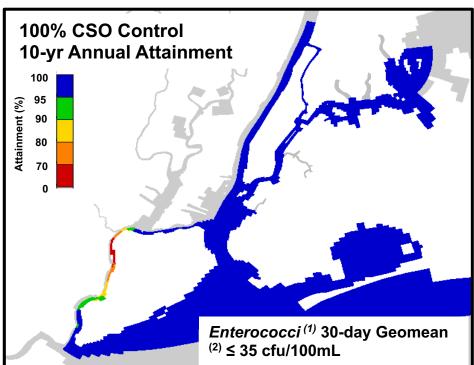




Enterococci GM Gap Analysis





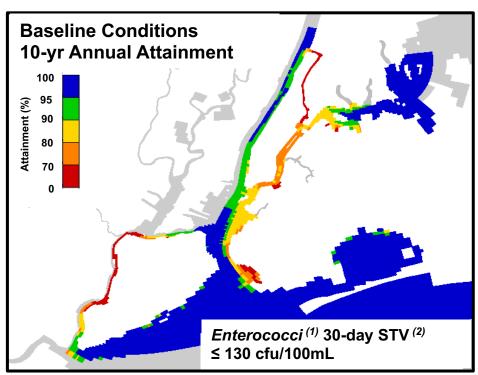


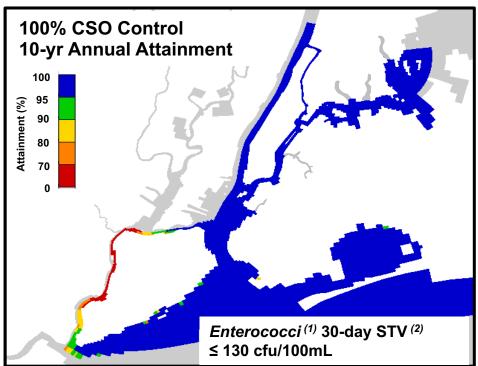
Notes:

- 1) Enterococci criteria apply only to Class SB Coastal Primary Contact Recreational waters
- 2) 30-day running geometric mean

Enterococci STV Gap Analysis







Notes:

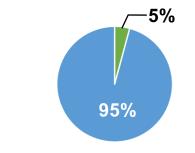
- 1) Enterococci criteria apply only to Class SB Coastal Primary Contact Recreational waters
- 2) 30-day running 90th percentile statistical threshold value

Key Take-Aways for Alternatives Analysis





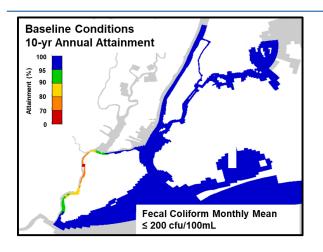
Over \$9B in investments have been made or committed as part of the CSO Program to date



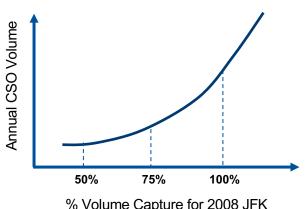
- Annual CSO Volume (11 BGY)*
- Annual Volume Treated at WRRFs (251 BGY)*

*Based on 2008 JFK Typical Year rainfall

Annual CSO volume is small percentage of total volume treated at WRRFs



Baseline Water Quality shows high levels of attainment with applicable WQS



% Volume Capture for 2008 JFK Typical Year Rainfall CSO volume to be captured increases significantly with increasing level of control

Citywide/Open Waters LTCP Alternatives Toolbox



Source Control	Green Infrastructure		Storm Sewers			
System Optimization	Fixed Weir	Parallel Interceptor / Sewer	Bending Weirs Control Gates	Station Station		Pump Station Expansion
CSO Relocation	Gravity Flow Tipping to Other Watersheds	Pumping Station Modification	Flow Tipping with Conduit/Tunnel and Pumping			ng
Water Quality / Ecological Enhancement	Floatables Control	Environmental Dredging	Wetland Restoration & Daylighting			
Treatment Satellite:	Outfall Disinfection	Retention Tre	eatment Basin (RTB) High Rate Clarification (HRC)			
Centralized:	WRRF Expansion					
Storage	In-System	Shaft	Tank Tunnel		Tunnel	

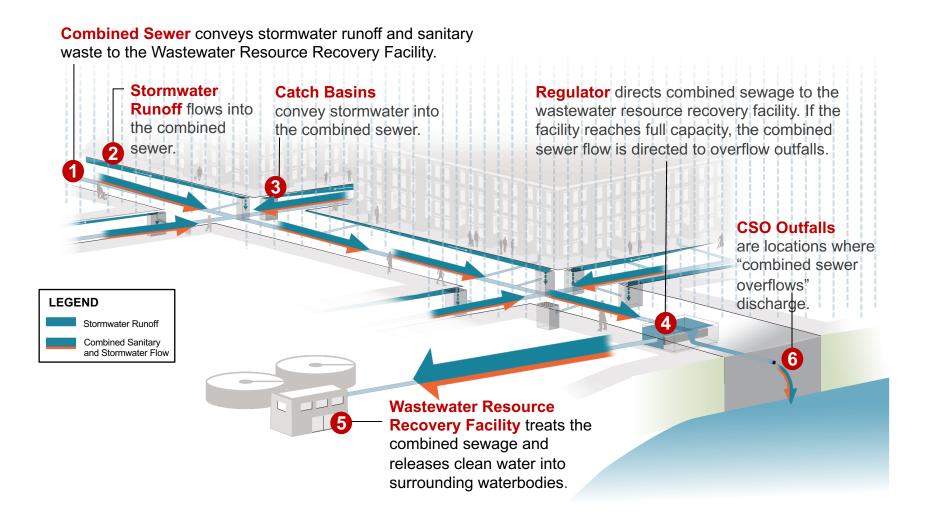
Ongoing Projects

Evaluated but Screened Out

Retained Alternatives

CSO Regulator Operation





System Optimization Analysis Summary

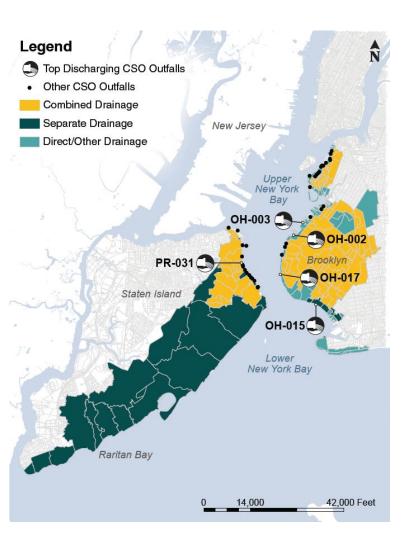


- Each CSO outfall was assessed for distance to closest public access point
- Optimization process prioritized outfalls that were near public access points
- Performance of optimization alternatives was driven by system hydraulics, and limited by constraints on increasing water levels in the sewers
- Analysis demonstrated that the existing system is currently being operated essentially at its capacity
- Limited opportunities to further optimize flow to the WRRFs and reduce CSOs in the existing system without increasing risk of flooding/sewer backups



Lower and Upper New York Bay



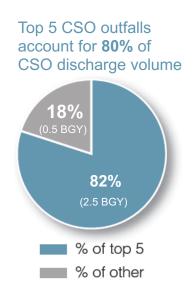


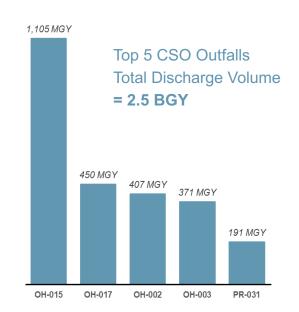
Meets most Class SB WQ standards

- ✓ Fecal Coliform, Dissolved Oxygen, and Enterococci (GM)
- Enterococci (STV)

Total Number of CSO Outfalls = 39

Total CSO Discharge Volume = 3.0 BGY



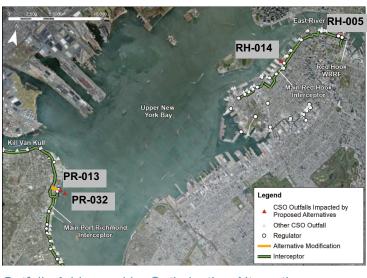


New York Bay – Optimization Alternatives



- Regulator optimization is feasible only for a subset of smaller CSO outfalls
- As a result, only provides a limited CSO volume reduction benefit

Alternative	Description	CSO Volume Reduction ⁽¹⁾	Estimated Probable Bid Cost
NYB-1	Optimization of regulators associated with Outfalls RH-005, 014	15 MGY	\$6 Million
NYB-2	 Gravity flow connection from Victory Boulevard combined sewer directly to interceptor, bypassing Hannah Street Pumping Station Diverts dry and wet weather flow upstream of Outfall PR-013 	43 MGY	\$22 Million



Outfalls Addressed by Optimization Alternatives

New York Bay – Tunnel Alternatives



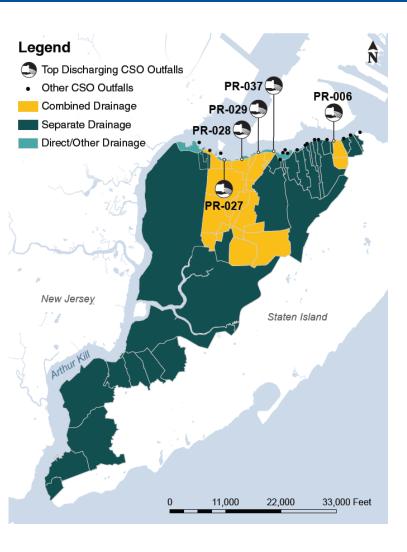
- Tunnels can provide significant CSO volume reduction benefits
- However, these alternatives carry a significant capital cost and site availability is uncertain

Alternative	Description	CSO Volume Reduction	Estimated Probable Bid Cost
NYB-3	 50% CSO Control Tunnel 9.3 miles of 23 ft dia. tunnel Address 2 of the top 5 outfalls 	1.6 BGY	\$3.0 Billion
NYB-4	 75% CSO Control Tunnel 10.8 miles of 28 ft dia. tunnel Address 4 of the top 5 outfalls 	2.3 BGY	\$4.3 Billion
NYB-5	 100% CSO Control Tunnel 18.6 miles of 23 ft dia. tunnel in OH & RH 3.1 miles of 25 ft dia. tunnel in PR Address all top 5 outfalls plus 32 other outfalls 	3.1 BGY	\$8.6 Billion

⁽¹⁾ Based on 2008 JFK Typical Year Rainfall

Arthur Kill and Kill van Kull



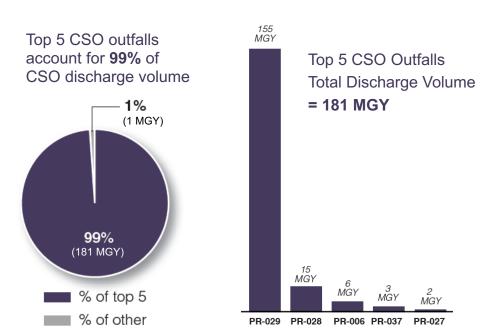


Meets most Class SD and I WQ standards

- ✓ Dissolved Oxygen
- Fecal Coliform

Total Number of CSO Outfalls = 19

Total CSO Discharge Volume = 182 MGY



Arthur Kill and Kill van Kull – Tank/Tunnel Alternatives



- Tanks/Tunnels can provide significant CSO volume reduction benefits
- However, these alternatives carry a significant capital cost and site availability is uncertain

Alternative	Description	CSO Volume Reduction ⁽¹⁾	Estimated Probable Bid Cost
AK /	 50% CSO Control 5.4 MG storage tank for	91	\$324
KVK-1	Outfall PR-029	MGY	Million
AK /	 75% CSO Control 11.2 MG storage tank	137	\$650
KVK-2	for Outfall PR-029	MGY	Million
AK / KVK-3	 100% CSO Control 4.1 miles of 16 ft dia tunnel capturing Outfalls PR-006, 026, 027, 028, 029, 037 	182 MGY	\$1,000 Million

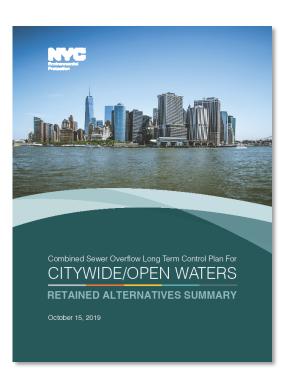


Location of Outfall PR-029

LTCP Summary



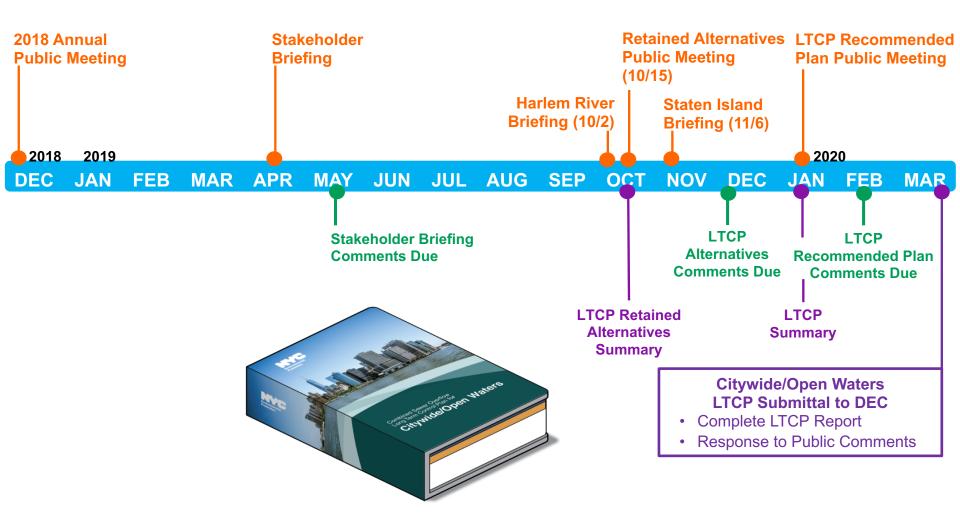
- Outline was presented at the LTCP Update meeting in April
- LTCP Retained Alternatives Summary now available online at nyc.gov/dep/ltcp
- Table of Contents:
 - 1. Introduction
- 2. CSO BMPs
- 3. Grey Infrastructure Strategies
- 4. Green Infrastructure Strategies
- 5. Summary of Tributary LTCPs
- 6. Baseline Conditions for LTCP Models
- 7. WQS Attainment and Alternatives Screening
- 8. Waterbody Snapshots and Retained Alternatives
- Public Outreach



Public Comments on the Retained Alternatives are due to ltcp@dep.nyc.gov by December 2nd, 2019

Citywide/Open Waters LTCP Public Outreach





Additional Information & Resources



- ➤ Visit the DEP Website for more information: www.nyc.gov/dep/ltcp
 - Monthly Updates on the Citywide LTCP
 - Citywide LTCP Content: sampling information, baseline information etc.
 - CSO Order including LTCP Goal Statement
 - Links to Waterbody/Watershed Facility Plans
 - Presentations, Meeting Materials and Meeting Summaries
 - LTCP Brochure and Waterbody Fact Sheets
 - All Submitted LTCP Reports and Other LTCP Updates
 - NYC's Green Infrastructure Reports and Grant Program
 - Green Infrastructure Interactive Map of Projects
 - NYC Waterbody Advisory Program
 - Upcoming Meeting Announcements

Thank You!



www.nyc.gov/dep/ltcp ltcp@dep.nyc.gov